College Name:	
Student Name:	Seat No:
Copy No:	

KARACHI UNIVERSITY BUSINESS SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI FINAL EXAMINATION, JUNE 2015; AFFILIATED COLLEGES MACROECONOMICS; BA (H)-302 BS-II

Date: June 11, 2015 Max Time: 90 Mins Max Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Attempt any 03 questions. Do not write anything on the question paper.
- 2. Use of mobile phones or any other communicating device will not be allowed in the examination room. Students will have to remove the batteries of these devices before entering the examination hall.
- Q.2: Answer the following questions?
 - a) What is the difference between intermediate goods & final goods and services?
 - b) Why are the imports subtracted when GDP is calculated in expenditure approach?
 - c) Why the national income is measured at factor prices and not at market prices?
 - d) Why do you think households' purchase of new housing is included in the investment components of GDP rather than the consumption component?
- Q.3: What are fallacies in each of the following statements?
 - a) Expansionary monetary policy results in increased interest rates.
 - b) The aggregate demand curve is downward sloping because higher average price levels directly reduce our purchasing power by making goods and services more expensive.
 - c) A decrease in national saving necessarily results in an equivalent decline in investment
 - d) When tax collections rise during economic prosperity, they prevent the economy from slowing down.
- Q.4: Derive IS curve. What are the factors which shift IS curve?
- Q.5: What is the difference between monetary policy and fiscal policy, and how are they related?

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KARACHI UNIVERSITY BUSINESS SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI FINAL EXAMINATION, JUNE 2015; AFFILIATED COLLEGES BUSINESS ENGLISH – II; BA (H)–312 BS–II

Date: June 13, 2015 Max Time: 3 Hrs
Max Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Attempt ALL questions. Do not write anything on the question paper.

Q1- Write an essay on any one of the following topic.

(15)

- (a) Marketing strategies adopted plays a very major role in the selling of goods or ideas.
- (b) The world of business is greatly affected by the electronic and print media.
- Q2- Read the given paragraphs and state which one is more coherent and properly organized. Also state its main idea. (15)
 - A) "There are three principal reason why people commit crimes. The first of these is that they may be career criminals who have made an active choice to make their living illegally. A second reason relates to the environment they grew up in a possible illustration of this is if they have been subject to peer grouppressure at an early age to join a gang that terrorized the neighborhood. Finally it is sometimes argued that genetic factors play a role and that some people cannot be blamed for their criminal actions becausethey are naturally predisposed to commit crimes."
 - B) "It is possible to argue that more effective education would work for a decrease in the crime rate and that prison is an ineffective deterrent. People who argue in favor of prison often claim that it is notonly the most appropriate way to punish offenders, it also prevents crimes from being committed. For example, many young people join gangs at an early age due to peer group pressure and they are led intoa life of crime in later life because of the choices they made when they were younger.
- Q3- Developing the following topics sentence into a well-organized and a meaning full paragraph.(15) **Education is important in lowering crime rates.**
- Q4- Summarize the following passage.(15)

Buying things today is so simple. Just enter a shop, say a book store, choose the desired book and pay for it. Long ago, before the invention of money, how did people trade?

The most primitive way of exchange should be the barter trade. In this form of transaction, people used goods to exchange for the things that they had in mind. For instance, if person A wanted a book and he had a spare goat, he must look for someone who had the exact opposite, that is, that someone, say person B, must have a spare book of person A's choice and is also in need of a goat. Having found such a person, the problem does not end here. A big goat may worth not only one book, hence person B may have to offer person A something else, say five chickens. However, he runs the risk of person A rejecting the offer as he may not need the chickens. The above example clearly illustrates the inefficiency of **barter** trading.

Many years later, the cumbersome barter trade finally gave way to the monetary form of exchange when the idea of money was invented. In the early days, almost anything could qualify as money: **beads**, shells and even fishing hooks. Then in a region near Turkey, gold coins were used as money. In the beginning, each coin had a different denomination. It was only later, in about 700 BC, that Gyges, the king of Lydia, standardized the value of each coin and even printed his name on the coins.

Monetary means of transaction at first beat the traditional barter trade. However, as time went by, the thought of carrying a **ponderous** pouch of coins for shopping appeared not only troublesome but thieves attracting. Hence, the Greek and Roman traders who bought goods from people faraway cities, invented checks to solve the problem. Not only are paper checks easy to carry around, they discouraged robbery as these checks can only be used by the person whose name is printed on the notes. Following this idea, banks later issued notes in exchange for gold deposited with them. These bank notes can then be used as cash. Finally, governments of today adopted the idea and began to print paper money, backed by gold for the country's use.

Today, besides enjoying the convenience of using paper notes as the mode of exchange, technology has led man to invent other means of transaction too like the credit and cash cards.

KARACHI UNIVERSITY BUSINESS SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI

FINAL EXAMINATION, JUNE 2015; AFFILIATED COLLEGES BUSINESS MATHEMATICS-II; BA (H)-322

BS-II

Date: June 2, 2015 Max Time: 1.5 Hrs
Max Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Attempt all questions. Do not write anything on the question paper.

2. Use of mobile phones or any other communicating device will not be allowed in the examination room. Students will have to remove the batteries of these devices before entering the examination hall.

Q. 1. Find
$$f'(x)$$
 using limit approach $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^3 + 1}$

Q. 2. Solve the following L.P. Problem by Corner Point Method

Maximize
$$z = 8x_1 + 4x_2$$

Subject to $3x_1 + x_2 \le 40$
 $2x_1 + x_2 \le 32$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$

Q.3. Find
$$f'(x)$$
 and $f''(x)$ if $f(x) = \frac{(3x^3 + 4x)}{e^{4x}}$

Q.4. Determine value of x for which $f(x) = 2x^3 - \frac{5x^2}{2} - 4x + 10$ is

(i) an increasing function (ii) a decreasing function

Q.5. Integrate
$$\int \frac{12x^3 - 4x^2 + 7x - 8}{6x^2 - 5x - 4} dx$$

END OF EXAM PAPER

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KARACHI UNIVERSITY BUSINESS SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI FINAL EXAMINATION JUNE 2015; AFFILIATED COLLEGES FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING; BA (H)-332

BBA – II

Date: June 6, 2015 Max Time: 2 Hrs
Max Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Attempt any 4 questions. Do not write anything on the question paper.
- 2. Use of mobile phones or any other communicating device will not be allowed in the examination room. Students will have to remove the batteries of these devices before entering the examination hall.

Q.1

Sharp Company Comparative Balance Sheet

<u>Decem</u>	<u>ber 31</u>
2013	2012
Rs 54,000	Rs 36,000
53,000	57,000
161,000	123,000
180,000	285,000
300,000	300,000
(75,000)	(60,000)
1,565,000	900,000
(177,000)	(141,000)
Rs2,061,000	Rs1,500,000
Rs 202,000	Rs 150,000
450,000	-0-
1,125,000	1,125,000
284,000	225,000
Rs2,061,000	Rs1,500,000
	Rs 54,000 53,000 161,000 180,000 300,000 (75,000) 1,565,000 (177,000) Rs2,061,000 450,000 1,125,000 284,000

Additional Data:

- 1. Net income for the year amounted to Rs 104,000.
- 2. Cash dividends were paid amounting to 4% of par value.
- 3. Land was sold for Rs 120,000.
- 4. Sharp sold equipment, which cost Rs 225,000 and had accumulated depreciation of Rs 90,000, for Rs 105,000.

Required: Prepare a statement of cash flows using the indirect method.

Q.2 On December 31, 2011 Berry Corporation sold some of its product to Flynn Company, accepting a 3%, four-year promissory note having a maturity value of Rs 500,000 (interest payable annually on December 31). Berry Corporation pays 6% for its borrowed funds. Flynn Company, however, pays 8% for its borrowed funds. The product sold is carried on the books of Berry at a manufactured cost of Rs 310,000. Assume Berry uses a perpetual inventory system.

Required:

- (a) Prepare the journal entries to record the transaction on the books of Berry Corporation at December 31, 2011.
- (b) Make all appropriate entries for 2012 on the books of Berry Corporation.
- (c) Make all appropriate entries for 2013 on the books of Berry Corporation.

Page **2** of **2**

Q.3 Jones Company was formed on December 1, 2011. The following information is available from Jones's inventory record for Product X.

	<u>Units</u>	<u>Unit Cost</u>
January 1, 2012 (beginning inventory)	1,600	Rs 18.00
Purchases:		
January 5, 2012	2,600	Rs 20.00
January 25, 2012	2,400	Rs 21.00
February 16, 2012	1,000	Rs 22.00
March 15, 2012	1,800	Rs 23.00

A physical inventory on March 31, 2012, shows 2,200 units on hand.

Required: Prepare schedules to compute the ending inventory at March 31, 2012, under each of the following inventory methods:

- (a) FIFO.
- (b) LIFO.
- (c) Weighted-average.

Show supporting computations in good form.

- **Q.4** The information below relates to Milton Company's trading securities in 2012 and 2013.
 - (a) Prepare the journal entries for the following transactions.

January 1, 2012	Purchased Rs 300,000 par value of GLF Company bonds at 97 plus
, .	accrued interest. The bonds pay interest annually at 9% each December
	31. Broker's commission was Rs 3,000.
September 1, 2012	Sold Rs 150,000 par value of GLF Company bonds at 94 plus accrued
	interest. Broker's commission, taxes, and fees were Rs 1,500.
September 5, 2012	Purchased 5,000 shares of Hayes, Inc. common stock for Rs 30 per
	share. The broker's commission on the purchase amounted to Rs 2,000.
December 31, 2012	Make the appropriate entry for the GLF Company bonds.
December 31, 2012	The market prices of the trading securities at December 31 were: Hayes,
	Inc. common stock, Rs 31 per share; and GLF Company bonds, 99. Make
	the appropriate entry.
July 1, 2013	Milton sold 1/2 of the Hayes, Inc. common stock at Rs 32 per share.
	Broker's commissions, taxes, and fees were Rs 1,000.
December 1, 2013	Milton purchased 600 shares of Ramirez, Inc. common stock at Rs 45 per
	share. Broker's commission was Rs 500.
December 31, 2013	Make the appropriate entry for the GLF Company bonds.
December 31, 2013	The market prices of the trading securities at December 31 were: Hayes,
	Inc. common stock, Rs 34 per share; GLF Company bonds, 98; and
	Ramirez, Inc. common stock, Rs 47 per share. Make the appropriate
	entry.

- (b) Present the financial statement disclosure (balance sheet and income statement) of Milton Company's transactions in trading securities for *each* of the years 2012 and 2013. Appropriate financial statement subheadings must be disclosed.
- **Q.5** Described below are certain transactions of Larson Company for 2012:
 - 1. On May 10, the company purchased goods from Fry Company for Rs 75,000, terms 2/10, n/30. Purchases and accounts payable are recorded at net amounts. The invoice was paid on May 18.
 - 2. On June 1, the company purchased equipment for Rs 90,000 from Raney Company, paying Rs 30,000 in cash and giving a one-year, 9% note for the balance.
 - 3. On September 30, the company discounted at 10% its Rs 200,000, one-year zero-interest-bearing note at First State Bank.

Required:

- (a) Prepare the journal entries necessary to record the transactions above using appropriate dates.
- (b) Prepare the adjusting entries necessary at December 31, 2012 in order to properly report interest expense related to the above transactions. Assume straight-line amortization of discounts.
- (c) Indicate the manner in which the above transactions should be reflected in the Current Liabilities section of Larson Company's December 31, 2012 balance sheet.

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KARACHI UNIVERSITY BUSINESS SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI FINAL EXAMINATION JUNE 2015; AFFILIATED COLLEGES INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY IN BUSINESS; BA (H)-342 BBA – II

Date: June 7, 2015 Max Time: 2 Hrs
Max Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Attempt any 3 questions. Do not write anything on the question paper.
- 2. Mobile phones or any other communicating device will not be allowed in the examination room. Students will have to remove the batteries of these devices before entering the examination hall.
- Q-01 Enlist the differentiating points between following with suitable examples and diagrams
 - a) Vector and Raster image format
 - b) Client Server Network and Peer-to-Peer Network

Q-02

- a) Describe how does MS-Excel is used for financial modeling?
- b) Briefly explain the special feature of presentation program(PPT) that are being used in professional environment
- Q-03 Illustrate how does Internet works? Enlist the major applications of Internet. Also explain how we can protect e-mails by an annoying person?
- Q-04 Write down short notes on the followings with relevant examples:
 - a) Cybercrime
 - b) Windows Media Video (WMV)
 - c) Asymmetric digital subscriber line (ADSL)
- Q-05 Write down the distinguishing points between the following:
 - a) Windows and Linux
 - b) LCD and LED display
 - c) Internal Bus and External Bus

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KARACHI UNIVERSITY BUSINESS SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF KARACHI FINAL EXAMINATION JUNE 2015; AFFILIATED COLLEGES PAKISTAN STUDIES; BA (H)-352 BBA - II

Date: June 9, 2015 Max Time: 1 Hrs
Max Marks: 30

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Do not write anything on the question paper.

2. Mobile phones or any other communicating device will not be allowed in the examination room. Students will have to remove the batteries of these devices before entering the examination hall.

<u>برریات:</u> ۱۔ سوال نامہ پر پچھ بھی تحریر نہ کیجئے۔ ۲۔ موہائل فون یا کوئی بھی ہیرونی رابطہ کی اشیاء کی امتحانی مرکز

۲۔ موبائل فون یا کوئی بھی ہیرونی رابطہ کی اشیاء کی امتحانی مرکز میں اجازت نہیں ہے۔ طلبہ امتحانی مرکز میں داخل ہونے سے قبل ان تمام اشیاء کی بیٹریز کوان سے ملیحد ہ کرلیں۔

Q4. Write short answers on any 06 of the following questions:

وال١- مندرجه ذيل من سے كوئى چھىوالات كے فقر جوابات تحرير كريں۔

1. When did partition of Bengal take place? Write the causes of partition.

2. What were the demands of Shimla deputation?

3. What were the efforts of Shah Wali Ullah in reforming Muslim society?

4. What was the Nehru report? Write important points.

5. Briefly explain Faraidi movement.

6. What was the role of Aligarh in the awakening of the Indian Muslims?

7. Define Kashmir problem with its background.

8. What are the main causes of terrorism in Pakistan?